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The Strength of Safety:

"Code Strong", the Birth of "Nurse Assist"

Martha Gaitan, RN; Ellen Sordo, RN, BSN, MN, FN-CSp



BACKGROUND

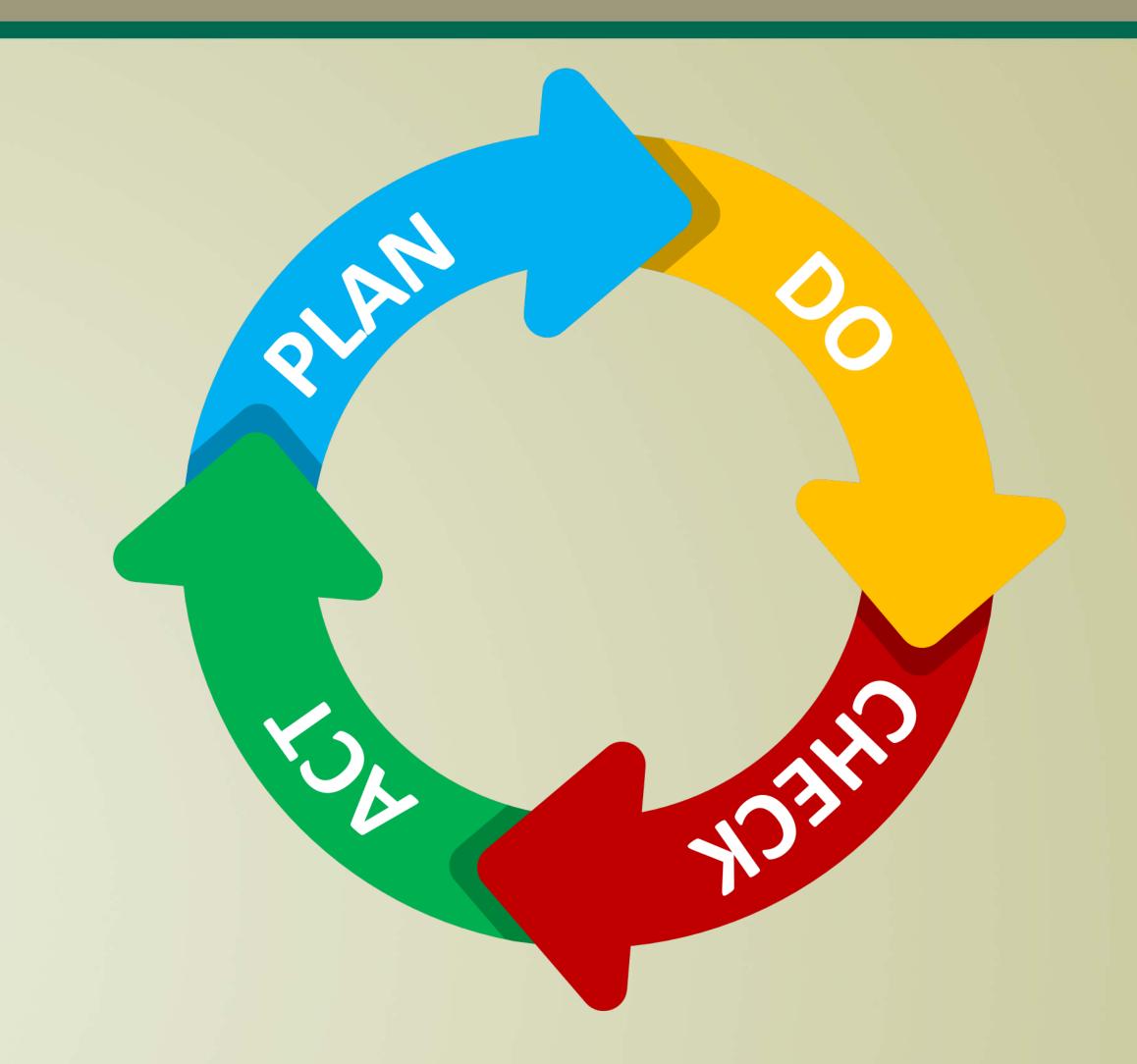
- The Homestead Hospital Healthcare Violence Prevention Committee and The Baptist Health South Florida (BHSF) Professional Development Council reviewed the data on the number of "code greens" called at the hospital.
- A "code green" is a reactive overhead paged code used when a person is demonstrating aggressive behavior that causes one to believe that there is a threat and/or actual physical contact which could or has caused serious bodily harm or death.
- The data review showed that 65% of the "code greens" from January to June of 2018 were appropriate "code green" calls.
- The remaining 35% of "code greens" would have been better addressed using another method of de-escalation because in most cases, the patients were cognitively impaired.

PROJECT GOAL

 The goal of this performance improvement project was the implementation of process to assist staff with patients requiring re-direction due to cognitive impairment.

PLAN

- Given that a significant number of "code greens" were being called inappropriately, a better approach was needed to deal with cognitively impaired patients.
- This will avoid a show of force or deployment of excessive resources seen when a "code green" is called.
- The process was tagged "code strong".
- This was expected to allow appropriate staff to re-direct a confused/cognitive impaired patient using applicable verbal techniques.
- The process would lead to:
 - decrease in "code green" data due to inflation when wrong code is being called for behaviors that can be addressed through "code strong".
 - the right level of care being provided to cognitive impaired patients in the right manner by the right providers.

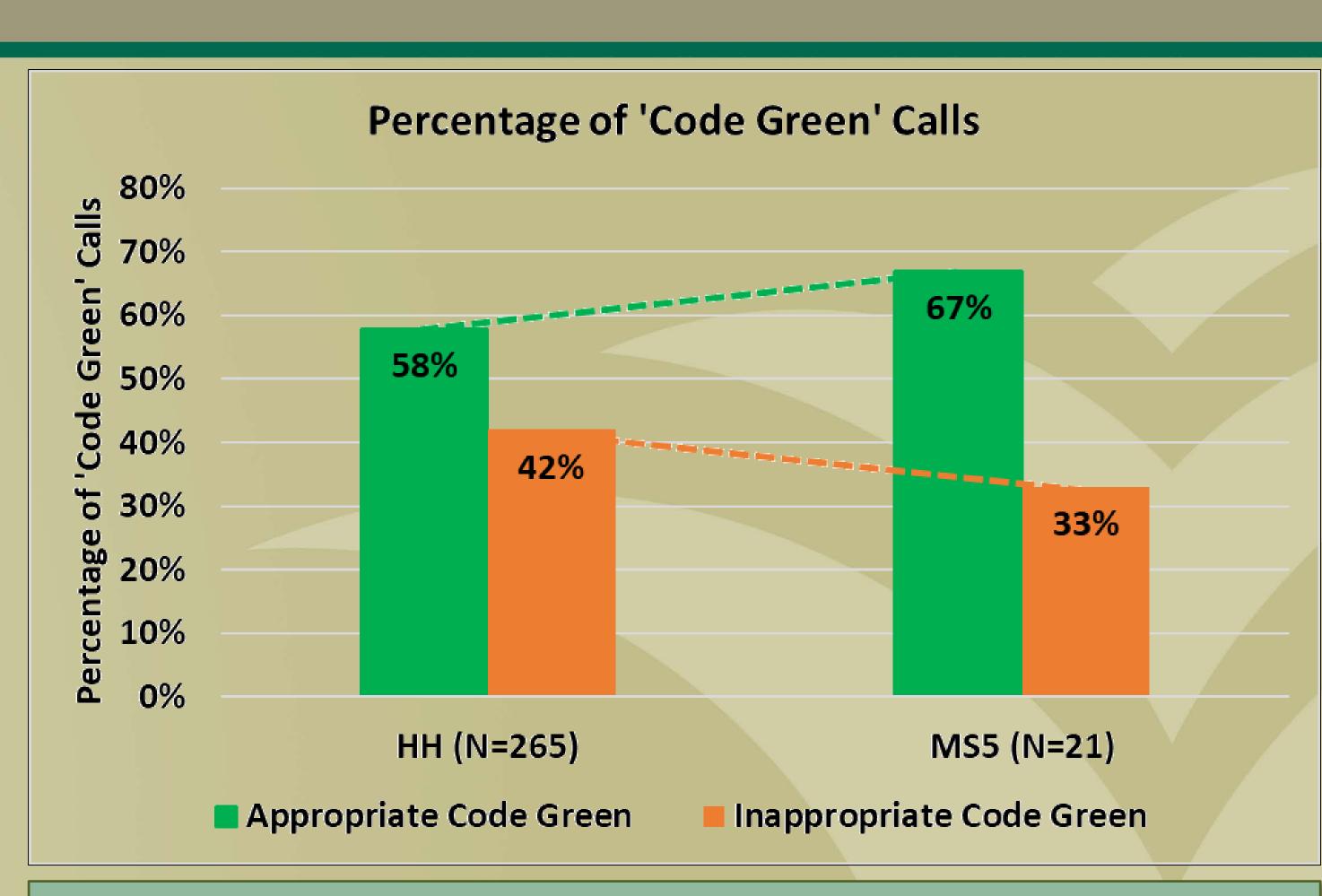


DO

- The implementation of "code strong" at Homestead Hospital was piloted on Medical Surgical unit 5 (MS5).
- The process was piloted between October 15th, 2018 and January 15th 2019.
- The "code strong" process involved the deployment of the "code strong" team. The team consisted of but not limited to:
 - the patients primary nurse
 - the Unit patient care supervisor
 - the nursing supervisor
 - at least one security officer
 - at least one physical therapist
 - a minimal list coach (when available)
 - a case manager (when available)
- The code was generated via an encrypted overhead page of "code strong" to signal the team.

CHECK

- During the three months of pilot, we experienced a lower level (33%) of inappropriate code greens calls on MS5 compared to the entire Homestead Hospital (HH) at 42% for 2018.
- This implies an increase in level of appropriate calls and a better utilization of resources and man power.



ACT

- The implementation of "code strong" allowed for the provision of a high level of safe care to our patients.
- It allows for the meeting of the specific need of cognitively impaired patients.
- Following a successful implementation on MS5, the BHSF Security Council and Patient Care Leadership Council (PCLC) approved the initiative for implementation systemwide.
- The initiative was renamed "Nurse Assist" for system-wide implementation.

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